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	Generate Collection	Print

L1: Entry 1 of 2 File: EPAB

Jul 23, 1997

PUB-NO: EP000785297A2

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: EP 785297 A2

TITLE: An aqueous acid bath for the electrodeposition of a shiny and tear-free copper

coating and its application

PUBN-DATE: July 23, 1997

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME COUNTRY

DAHMS, WOLFGANG

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

ATOTECH DEUTSCHLAND GMBH DE

APPL-NO: EP97200458

APPL-DATE: March 19, 1990

PRIORITY-DATA: EP97200458A (March 19, 1990)

INT-CL (IPC): C25 D 3/38; H05 K 3/24

EUR-CL (EPC): $\overline{C25}\overline{D003}/\overline{38}$

ABSTRACT:

CHG DATE=19990617 STATUS=0> An aqueous acidic bath for the galvanic precipitation of lustrous copper layer containing at least one copper salt, at least one inorganic acid and, if required a chloride, as well as a compound with an amide group, an organic thio-compound with groups to make it water soluble and, if required an oxygen containing high molecular mass organic compound. The compound with an amide group is a lactam-alkoxylate, which may be substituted if required.

WEST

End of Result Set

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L1: Entry 2 of 2 File: DWPI Jul 23, 1997

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1997-365962

DERWENT-WEEK: 200015

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TITLE: Strip conductors for printed circuits are strengthened by galvanic precipitation of lustrous copper layer - in acidic aqueous bath that includes lactam-alkoxylate and

organic thio-compound

INVENTOR: DAHMS, W

PATENT-ASSIGNEE:

ASSIGNEE CODE
ATOTECH DEUT GMBH ATOTN

PRIORITY-DATA: 1997EP-0200458 (March 19, 1990)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
EP 785297 A2	July 23, 1997	G	800	C25D003/38
DE 59700942 G	February 10, 2000		000	C25D003/38
EP 785297 A3	August 20, 1997		000	C25D003/38
EP 785297 B1	January 5, 2000	G	000	C25D003/38

DESIGNATED-STATES: AT DE FR GB IT AT DE FR GB IT

CITED-DOCUMENTS: DE 2746938; US 3294578; US 3502551; US 4336114; US 4781801

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO	APPL-DATE	APPL-NO	DESCRIPTOR
EP 785297A2	March 19, 1990	1997EP-0200458	
DE 59700942G	March 19, 1990	1997DE-0500942	
DE 59700942G	March 19, 1990	1997EP-0200458	
DE 59700942G	•	EP 785297	Based on
EP 785297A3	March 19, 1990	1997EP-0200458	
EP 785297B1	March 19, 1990	1997EP-0200458	

INT-CL (IPC): C25 D 3/38; H05 K 3/24

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: EP 785297A

 ${\tt BASIC-ABSTRACT:}$

An aqueous acidic bath for the galvanic precipitation of lustrous copper layer containing at least one copper salt, at least one inorganic acid and, if required a chloride, as well as a compound with an amide group, an organic thio-compound with groups to make it water soluble and, if required an oxygen containing high molecular mass organic compound. The compound with an amide group is a lactam-alkoxylate, which may be substituted if required.

USE - Used to strengthen strip conductors of printed circuits (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The copper layer is free of cracks and fissures even after thermal treatment and has outstanding rupture elongation properties.

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO:

EP 785297B EQUIVALENT-ABSTRACTS:

An aqueous acidic bath for the galvanic precipitation of lustrous copper layer containing at least one copper salt, at least one inorganic acid and, if required a chloride, as well as a compound with an amide group, an organic thio-compound with groups to make it water soluble and, if required an oxygen containing high molecular mass organic compound. The compound with an amide group is a lactam-alkoxylate, which may be substituted if required.

USE - Used to strengthen strip conductors of printed circuits (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The copper layer is free of cracks and fissures even after thermal treatment and has outstanding rupture elongation properties.

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.0/0

TITLE-TERMS: STRIP CONDUCTOR PRINT CIRCUIT STRENGTH GALVANIC PRECIPITATION LUSTRE COPPER LAYER ACIDIC AQUEOUS BATH LACTAM ALKOXYLATED ORGANIC THIO COMPOUND

DERWENT-CLASS: A25 A97 E19 L03 M11 V04

CPI-CODES: A12-W12E; E07-D06; L03-H04E4; M11-A03; M11-B;

EPI-CODES: V04-R02; V04-R03A;

CHEMICAL-CODES:

Chemical Indexing M3 *01*

Fragmentation Code

F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F017 F019 F410 F423 F433 F443 H521 H523 J5 J521 L660 L699 L9 L941 M210

M212 M272 M281 M283 M320 M413 M510 M521 M530 M540

M782 M903 M904 Q140 Q454 Q463

Markush Compounds

199734-A7301-M

Chemical Indexing M3 *02*

Fragmentation Code

A111 A960 C710 H4 H498 H9 K0 K4 K431 M280 M313 M321 M332 M342 M383 M391 M411 M510 M520 M530

M313 M321 M332 M342 M363 M391 M411 M310 M320 M33

M540 M620 M630 M782 M903 M904 Q140 Q454 Q463

Markush Compounds

199734-A7302-M

ENHANCED-POLYMER-INDEXING:

Polymer Index [1.1] 018; R00351 G1558 D01 D23 D22 D31 D42 D50 D73 D82 F47; H0000; P0055; P0975*R P0964 F34 D01 D10; M9999 M2153*R; M9999 M2039; H0237*R Polymer Index [1.2] 018; P1707 P1694 D01 Polymer Index [1.3] 018; ND01; Q9999 Q8742; B9999 B5094 B4977 B4740; Q9999 Q7454 Q7330

SECONDARY-ACC-NO:

CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: C1997-117476 Non-CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: N1997-304117

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=> s ep785297/pn
            1 EP785297/PN
=> d all
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
    1997:500884 CAPLUS
    127:127913
DN
    An aqueous acid bath for the electroplating of a bright and crack-free
ΤI
    copper coating and its application
    Dahms, Wolfgang
IN
    Atotech Deutschland Gmbh, Germany
PA
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.
SO
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    German
     ICM C25D003-38
IC
     ICS H05K003-24
     72-8 (Electrochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 56
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
     _____
    EP 785297 A2 19970723
EP 785297 A3 19970820
                                         EP 1997-200458 19900319 <--
PΙ
                     B1 20000105
     EP 785297
        R: AT, DE, FR, GB, IT
    AT 188516 E 20000115
                                         AT 1997-200458 19900319
                          19900319
PRAI EP 1997-200458
    MARPAT 127:127913
    A process for reinforcing the conducting paths of printed circuits with
    projecting fracture elongations by electroplating with bright, crack-free
    Cu is described. The bath consists of at least 1 Cu salt, an inorg.
salt,
     a chloride, a compd. exhibiting an amide group (esp. a substituted lactam
     alkoxylate), an org. thio compd. with groups making it water-sol., and an
     O-contg. high mol.-wt. org. compd. The operating parameters of the
     electroplating process are as follows: pH <1, temp. 15-45.degree.C
     (preferably 25.degree.C), and cathodic c.d. 0.5-12 A/dm2 (preferably 2-4
    A/dm2). In an example, the following bath compn. was used: CuSO4.5H2O
40,
     concd. H2SO4 300, 35% HCl 0.1 g/L, and the K salt of
O-ethyldithiocarbonic
     acid-S-(3-sulfopropyl) ester 3 mg/L and .epsilon.-caprolactam
     hexaethoxylate 50 mg/L. The cathodic c.d. values in this case (in a Hull
     cell) were 0.15-4 A/dm2 for obtaining a bright Cu electroplate.
     copper bright electroplating printed circuit reinforcement
ST
TΥ
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (alkyl group-terminated; in electroplating of bright crack-free copper
        on printed circuit boards)
IT
     Electrodeposition
     Printed circuits
        (bath for electroplating of bright crack-free copper on printed
circuit
       boards)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
```

```
(in electroplating of bright crack-free copper on printed circuit
       boards)
    7440-50-8P, Copper, uses
IT
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation,
     unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (bath for electroplating of bright crack-free copper on printed
circuit
     68-11-1, Thioglycolic acid, uses
                                       111-87-5D, Octanol, polyalkylene
glycol
                                                      9002-89-5, Polyvinyl
             7647-14-5, Sodium chloride (NaCl), uses
    ethers
    alcohol 9003-11-6
                        9004-32-4
                                      9004-96-0, Ethoxylated oleic acid
     9004-99-3, Ethoxylated stearic acid 9005-00-9, Ethoxylated stearyl
     alcohol 9016-45-9, Ethoxylated nonylphenol 16208-50-7
     Sodium 3-mercaptopropane-1-sulfonate 18880-36-9
                                                      25322-68-3
     25322-69-4, Poly(propylene glycol)
                                       26762-67-4D, Octanediol,
polyalkylene
    glycol ethers
                    27206-35-5
                                 27206-36-6
                                              27738-88-1
                                                           35545-57-4.
                                49625-94-7
                                             59030-62-5
                                                          62408-57-5
     Ethoxylated .beta.-naphthol
                 77897-83-7 89960-35-0 93841-14-6 121039-96-1
     64030-13-3
                 129336-71-6 129650-89-1 142755-52-0 142768-83-0
     121039-97-2
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (in electroplating of bright crack-free copper on printed circuit
       boards)
     7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, uses 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses
IT
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
```

(in electroplating of bright crack-free copper on printed circuit

boards)